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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/853,552	05/11/2001	S. Gina Butuc	42133 9USP1	6335
,	590 06/02/2004		EXAMINER	
Jenkens & Gilchrist			MULCAHY, PETER D	
5 Houston Center			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
1401 Mckinney, Suite 2700			1713	
Houston, TX 77010-4034				

DATE MAILED: 06/02/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No. Applicating) Office Action Summary Office Action Summary Examiner Peter D Nation The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address

Period for Reply

- A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.
- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(e). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed
- efter SIX (6) MONTHS from the melting date of this communication.

 If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for realy is specified above, the meanment statution yeards will expire SDL (#) NOTITHS from the mailing data of this communical Pollution to reply within the act or extended period for reply will, by sharins, usue the application to become ABM-NOTIDE (20 SU.S.C., 1333). Any realy received by the Office later than three modifies after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned stater them edisturned. See 37 CPR 1.70-80.

Status

- 1)⊠. Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 March 2004.
- 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Exparte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 Q.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-49 is/are pending in the application.
 - 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
 - 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.
 - 6)⊠ Claim(s) 1-49 is/are rejected.
 - Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
 Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on ______ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d)
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 a\□ All b\□ Some * c\□ None of:
 - Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
- 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.
 - Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
 - * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
 - Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
 Paper Nots/Mail Date
- 4) | Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)Mail Date. ______. 5) | Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 61 | Others ______.

Art Unit: 1713

 The nonstautory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public object, go policy reflected in the staulte) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "night to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassmerb by multiple assignees. See In re. Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPO24 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1983); In re. Longt, 789 F.2d 887, 225
 USPO 455 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re. Van Omum, 886 F.2d 937, 214 USPO 761 (CDPA 1982); Im re. Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPO 619 (CCPA 1970); and, In re. Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPO 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disdaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1,130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

- Claims 1-49 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousnesstype double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-18 of U.S. Patent No. 6,433,068. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the gel composition claimed is rendered obvious by the patented claims which call for the ingredients to be used in combination.
- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patert may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title. If the differences between the subject matter sought to be paterted and the prior att are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patertability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

 Claims 1-49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Morrison et al.

The applied reference has a common assignee with the instant application.

Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art

only under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) might be overcome by: (1) a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not an invention "by another"; (2) a showing of a date of invention for the claimed subject matter of the application which corresponds to subject matter disclosed but not claimed in the reference, prior to the effective U.S. filing date of the reference under 37 CFR 1.131; or (3) an oath or declaration under 37 CFR 1.130 stating that the application and reference are currently owned by the same party and that the inventor named in the application is the prior inventor under 35 U.S.C. 104, together with a terminal disclaimer in accordance with 37 CFR 1.321(c). For applications filed on or after November 29, 1999, this rejection might also be overcome by showing that the subject matter of the reference and the claimed invention were, at the time the invention was made, owned by the same person or subject to an obligation of assignment to the same person. See MPEP 8 706.02(II(1) and \$ 706.02(II(1)).

PETER D. MULCAHY